

### PLANNING TEAM MEETING #3 SUMMARY

### Greater Airport Area Regional Center Plan Planning Team Meeting #3

Meeting Date: August 11, 2022
Time: 2:00 PM - 4:00 PM

**Location:** Virtual

### **PLANNING TEAM ATTENDEES:**

- Adrian Arevalo, Council District 1
- Christina Castaño, VIA Metropolitan Transit
- Marco Barros, Bluffview Resident
- Libby Day, Shearer Hills / Ridgeview Neighborhood Assoc.
- Jeff Fair, SA Chamber of Commerce
- Gary Gibbons, Greater Harmony Hills Neighborhood Association
- Ryan Hall, Aviation Department
- Josh Heiss, Aviation Department
- Matthew Hosack, SA Hotel and Lodging Assoc.
- Marilyn Jowdy, Blossom Park Neighborhood Assoc.
- Brian Hummel, Resident
- **PROJECT STAFF:**
- Jacob Howard, City of San Antonio Planning Department (Project Manager)
- Jay Renkens, Principle MIG
- Krystin Ramirez, Project Manager MIG

- Dawn Ann Larios, Texas Restaurant Association
- Michelle Madson, SA Hotel and Lodging Assoc.
- Stephen McGuire, Walkers Ranch Neighborhood
- Terry Palmer, Forest Oak Neighborhood Association
- Pam Peck, Tanglewood Resident
- Ileana Sandoval, Council District 9
- Steve Southers, Aviation Department
- Donna Thompson, Arboretum Neighborhood Association / Bluffview
- Samantha Wickwire, Council District 10
- Tammy Wincott, Hunter's Mill HOA
- Elly Schaefer, Project Associate MIG
- Carissa Cox, Mosaic
- Gretchen Roufs AMS



### **MEETING OBJECTIVES**

The purpose of the third Planning Team Meeting was to have the first detailed discussion on the plan area's land use, introduce the draft focus areas, and refine the draft vision and goals.

#### **MEETING AGENDA**

- Introductions / Vision and Goals
- Planning Team Meeting #3 Topics
  - Draft Focus Areas
  - Intro to Land Use
  - Draft Land Use Map
  - Overview of Land Use Categories
- Planning Team Meeting #3 Activity
  - o Focus Areas Land Use Activity
- Next Steps

### 1. INTRODUCTIONS / VISION AND GOALS

Project Staff was introduced. The Draft Vision and Goals were re-presented to the Planning Team. Edits to this to this draft will be made and presented at the next Community Meeting (Community Meeting 3) for public input.

### **Draft Vision and Goals**

The Greater Airport Area Regional Center is a successful employment center with a variety of small and large businesses, including shops, restaurants, and entertainment venues, that serve the area's diverse and safe neighborhoods, the City, and are compatible with Airport operations. Residents and visitors enjoy a well-distributed and maintained parks, open space, and trail system, and complete streets with safe and comfortable pedestrian, bicycle and transit options.

- Create safe and vibrant destinations with a diversity of strategically located and high-quality housing, employment, and mixed-use developments that respects existing neighborhoods and avoid conflict with the Airport.
- Improve existing streets and create new connections that are truly multimodal, aesthetically pleasing and provide stormwater benefits.
- Increase equitable access to parks, open space, trails and recreational amenities throughout the Regional Center.
- 4. Address safety concerns and barriers created by transportation infrastructure of all types throughout the Regional Center.

- Improve comfort, safety and aesthetics throughout the Regional Center with trees, other urban greening, and integration of sustainable infrastructure.
- Enhance transit connections to amenities within the Greater Airport Regional Center, to Downtown, and to other Regional Centers in and outside of San Antonio for residents, employees and visitors.
- Promote quality infill development and redevelopment within neighborhoods and commercial areas that are compatible with existing homes and provides more housing options for existing and new residents.



#### 2. PLANNING TEAM MEETING #3 TOPICS

### o <u>Draft Focus Areas</u>

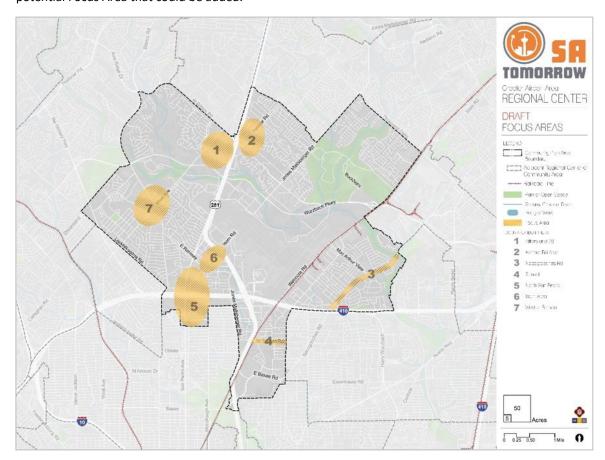
An introduction to what Focus Areas are, and what they may include was presented including the concept of a Transformative Projects. Focus Areas can be areas of opportunity to direct future investments, support, or improvements which may also include preservation. During Planning Team Meeting #2 the Planning Team helped Staff identify potential Focus Areas. Prior to Planning Team Meeting #3, staff identified the areas added a provided a brief description to each and mapped the areas.

Draft Focus Areas presented at Planning Team Meeting #3 included:

- 1. Bitters at 281 (West)
- 2. Bitters at 281 (East)
- 3. Nacogdoches Road
- 4. Sunset Road

- 5. San Pedro at 410
- 6. Isom at Ramsey
- 7. West at Blanco

Planning Team was shown a map of the area and the project manager provided a description of each. The team generally agreed on the identification of the Focus Areas. However, Thousand Oaks was raised as a potential Focus Area that could be added.



### Housing and Jobs Projections

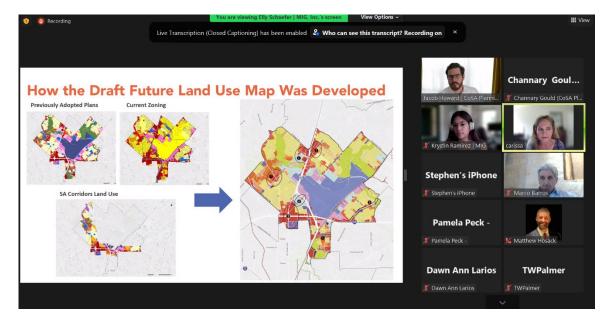
Project staff provided an overview of the Housing and Employment data, including projections for both. These projections are based on population projections for Bexar County, and approximate future need for jobs and housing within the sub-area. From 2010 to 2040, sub-area projections show an increase in employment needs of 39,400 new jobs, and an increase in housing needs of 3,500 units.





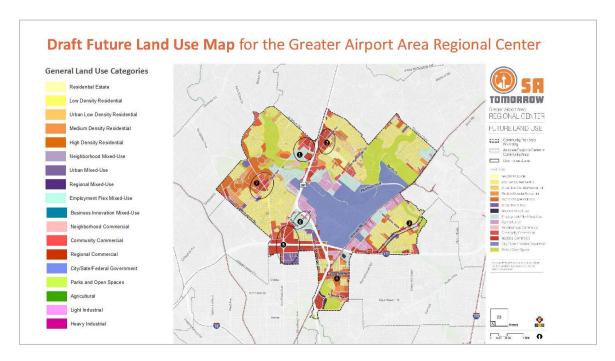
### o <u>Introduction to Land Use</u>

Following the Housing and Economic Development discussion, Carissa Cox, from MOSAIC, presented the land use categories. The presentation included information on what land use is, and what it is not; the difference between land use and zoning; and the methodology used to develop the first draft of the future land use map.



### <u>Draft Land Use Map</u>

An introduction to what Focus Areas are, and what they may include was presented to the focus areas are and what they could include. Focus Areas are areas of opportunity to direct future investments, support, or improvements. Support for focus areas could also include preservation. During Planning Team Meeting #2 the team had identified potential focus areas. Prior to Planning Team Meeting #3, staff identified the areas added a provided a brief description to each and mapped the areas.



### Overview of Land Use Categories

An introduction to what Focus Areas are, and what they may include was presented to the focus areas are and what they could include. Focus Areas are areas of opportunity to direct future investments, support, or improvements. Support for focus areas could also include preservation. During Planning Team Meeting #2 the team had identified potential focus areas. Prior to Planning Team Meeting #3, staff identified the areas added a provided a brief description to each and mapped the areas.



### 3. PLANNING TEAM MEETING #3 ACTIVITY

#### Land Use

After the presentation, the team members were provided cut-outs with the individual land use categories and a description of each. Participants were asked to hold up the associated land use category cut-out and provide their response to the following questions:

- Within this area, what land use do you live, work or spend the most of your time in?
  - Low Density (x5)
  - Parks and Open Space (x3)
  - Community Commercial (X2)
  - Urban Mixed-Use
  - Employment Flex Mixed-Use
  - Neighborhood Mixed-use
- What land uses would you like to see more of in this area?
  - o Parks and Open Space (especially urban agriculture, community gardens and neighborhood serving parks.)
  - Regional Mixed-Use
  - o Urban Mixed-Use
  - Neighborhood Mixed-Use
- What land uses are not appropriate for this area?
  - Heavy Industrial
- What land uses do we not need more of in this area?
  - o High Density Residential
  - Low Density Residential
  - **Regional Commercial**

- **Community Commercial**
- **Neighborhood Commercial**
- **Residential Estate**
- Regional commercial
- **Business Innovation Mixed-Use**
- **Employment Flex Mixed-Use**
- **Business Innovation Mixed-Use**
- **High Density Residential**
- Medium Density Residential 0
- **Neighborhood Commercial**
- Agricultural
- Community Commercial (Auto Oriented Uses Specifically)
- **Light Industrial**

### Focus Area

After discussion of Land Use categories Land Use within Individual Focus Areas was briefly discussed. Focus Areas not covered in the Planning Team Meeting will be covered in an alternative format.

- - Unsafe pedestrian environment despite being the main thoroughfares where services exist
- Potential Additional Focus Area (Thousand Oaks / Jones-Maltsberger)
  - Seeing talk of development in the area
- The area is aged

- Focus Area #1: (Bitter at 281 West)
  - o 281 divides the area from eastern neighborhoods
  - There are opportunities for Mixed-Use in the Area
- Area is impacted by flight paths
- Area is "high-preforming" 0
- Many sites are unoccupied
- Focus Area #5 (San Pedro at 410) and Focus Area #6 (Isom at Ramsey)
  - o Potential for Mixed-use (including residential)
  - o "Fluid" semi-private greenspace (like AT&T Discovery Green in Downtown Dallas)

Potential for high-density transitoriented development

- Focus Area #7 (West at Blanco)
  - Neighborhood Serving Area
  - A lot of corporate chains in this area few local small businesses
  - O Difficult to access if you are not in a car
- Opportunity for "Village" (like intersection of Legacy and the Tollway in Dallas)



### 4. NEXT STEPS

### Upcoming Meetings

### • PLANNING TEAM MEETING #4

Planning Team Meeting #4 will be held virtually on Thursday, September 15th from 2:00 PM to 4:00 PM.

### • COMMUNITY MEETING #2

Community Meeting #2 will be held at the Walker Ranch Senior Center (835 West Rhapsody Drive) on Thursday, November 3rd from 5:30 PM to 7:30 PM.

### • PLANNING TEAM MEETING #5

Planning Team Meeting #5 will be held virtually on Thursday, December 8th from 2:00 PM to 4:00 PM.

Project Manager: Jacob Howard, City of San Antonio Planning Department

Email: jacob.howard@sanantonio.gov

Phone: (210) 207-5441





## **Greater Airport Area Project Team**

- City of San Antonio, Planning Department
  - Jacob Howard, Project Manager



- Jay Renkens, Principal
- Andy Rutz, Project Director
- Krystin Ramirez, Project Manager
- Elly Schaefer, Land Use Subject Matter Expert
- Mosaic
  - Carissa Cox, Principal Planner







## **Timeline of Meetings**

PT Meeting 1 (Apr. 21st 2022)

Community Meeting 1 (June 7th 2022)

PT Meeting 2 (Jul. 12th 2022)

PT Meeting 3 (Aug. 11th 2022)

PT Meeting 4 (Sept. 15th 2022)

Community Meeting 2 (TBD - Week of Nov. 1st 2022)

PT Meeting 5 (Dec. 8<sup>th</sup> 2022)

PT Meeting 6 (Feb. 2<sup>nd</sup> 2023)

PT Meeting 7 (Mar. 2<sup>nd</sup> 2023)

Community Meeting 3 (TBD - Week of May 8th 2023)

Digital Design Workshop (TBD – Week of Mar. 27<sup>th</sup> 2023)

PT Meeting 8 (Jun. 15<sup>th</sup> 2023)

PT Meeting 9 (Jul. 20th 2023)

PT Meeting 10 (Aug. 17<sup>th</sup> 2023)

Community Meeting 4 (TBD - Week of Dec. 4th 2023)

PT Meeting 11 (Jan. 11<sup>th</sup> 2024)

Orientation; Sub-Area Plan Overview; SWOT; Vision and Goals

Confirm Vision & Goals; Land Utilization Analysis; Focus Area ID

Land Use (Housing & Economic Development Lens) (1 of 2)

Housing & Economic Development (Based on Land Use) (1 of 2)

Land Use (2 of 2), Housing and Economic Development (2 of 2)

Mobility (1 of 2)

Mobility, Focus Areas, Amenities & Public Space (1 of 2)

Review DDW; N'hood Profiles & Priorities; Amenities & Public Space (2 of 2)

Review of Maps; Plan Framework (1 of 2)

Plan Framework (2 of 2), Implementation Review

Public Draft Review & Final Revisions, Process Feedback

## **Meeting Objectives**

- Vision & Goals
- Review Draft Focus Areas
- Review Housing & Jobs Projections
- Land Use Overview
- Draft Land Use Base Map
- Overview of Land Use Categories
- Focus Areas Land Use Activity

## **Draft** Vision and Goals

The Greater Airport Area Regional Center is a successful employment center with a variety of small and large businesses, including shops, restaurants, and entertainment venues, that serve the area's diverse and safe neighborhoods, the City, and are compatible with Airport operations. Residents and visitors enjoy a well-distributed and maintained parks, open space, and trail system, and complete streets with safe and comfortable pedestrian, bicycle and transit options.

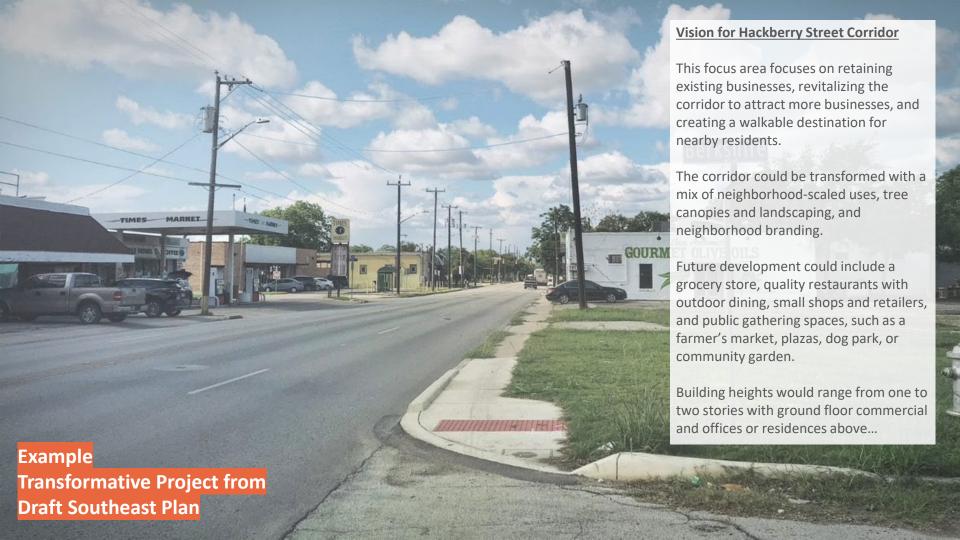
- Create safe and vibrant destinations with a diversity of strategically located and high-quality housing, employment, and mixed-use developments that respects existing neighborhoods and avoid conflict with the Airport.
- 2. Improve existing streets and create new connections that are truly multimodal, aesthetically pleasing and provide stormwater benefits.
- 3. Increase equitable access to parks, open space, trails and recreational amenities throughout the Regional Center.
- 4. Address safety concerns and barriers created by transportation infrastructure of all types throughout the Regional Center.

- 5. Improve comfort, safety and aesthetics throughout the Regional Center with trees, other urban greening, and integration of sustainable infrastructure.
- Enhance transit connections to amenities within the Greater Airport Regional Center, to Downtown, and to other Regional Centers in and outside of San Antonio for residents, employees and visitors.
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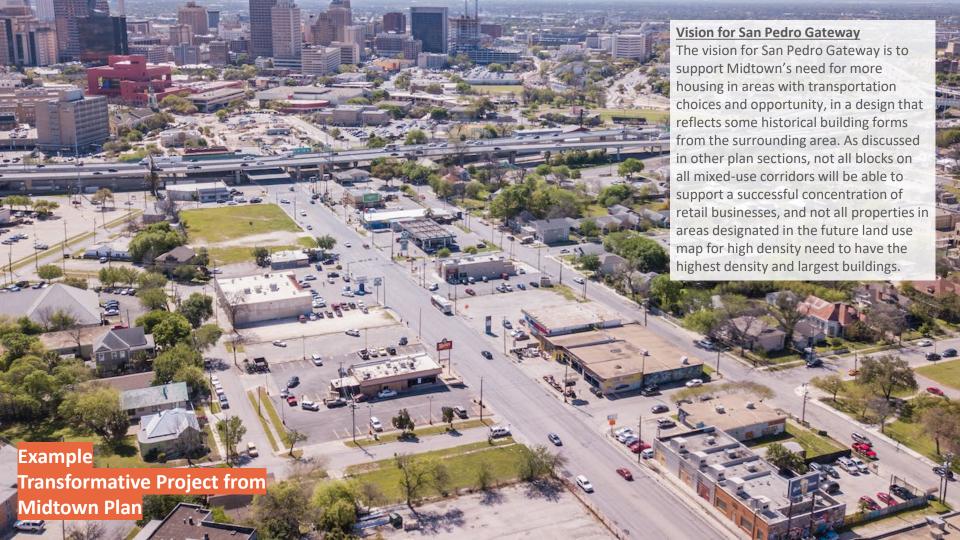


## What is a Focus Area?

- 1. Important areas of opportunity to direct future investments, support, or improvements.
- 2. Have a comprehensive Vision Statement
- 3. May have a "Transformative Project"
- 4. May have specific "Recommendations / Strategies"

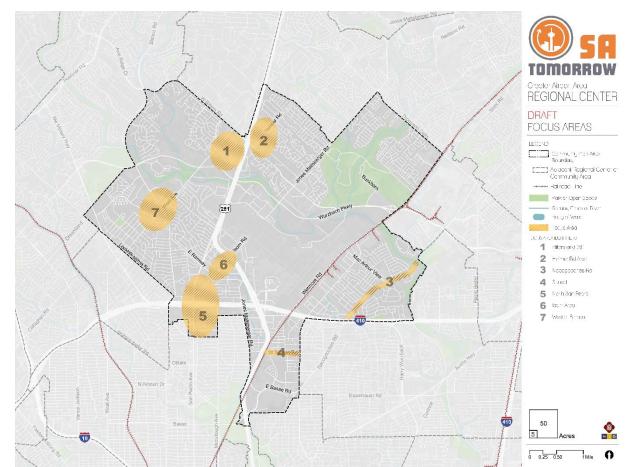




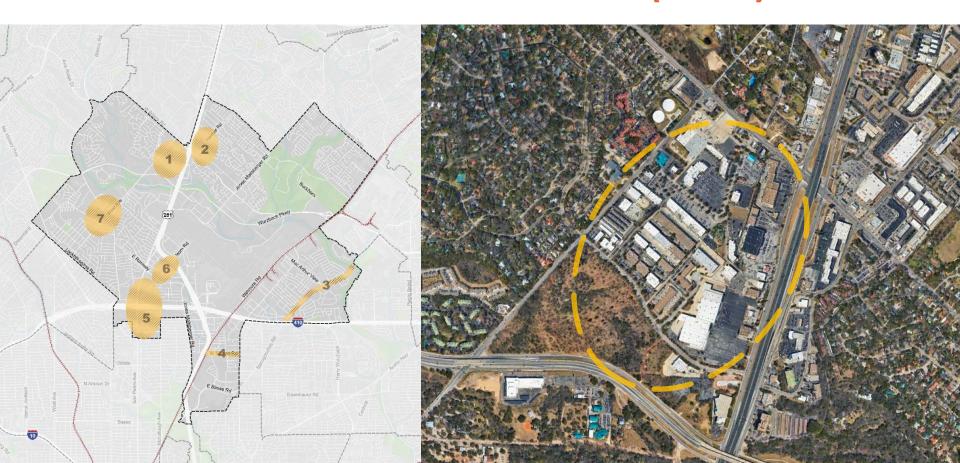




## **Draft Focus Areas**



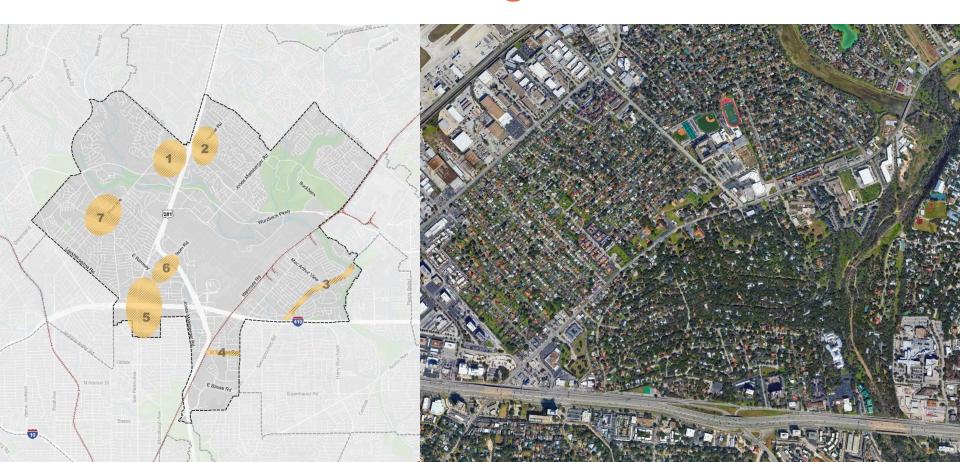
# **Draft Focus Area 1: Bitter at 281 (West)**



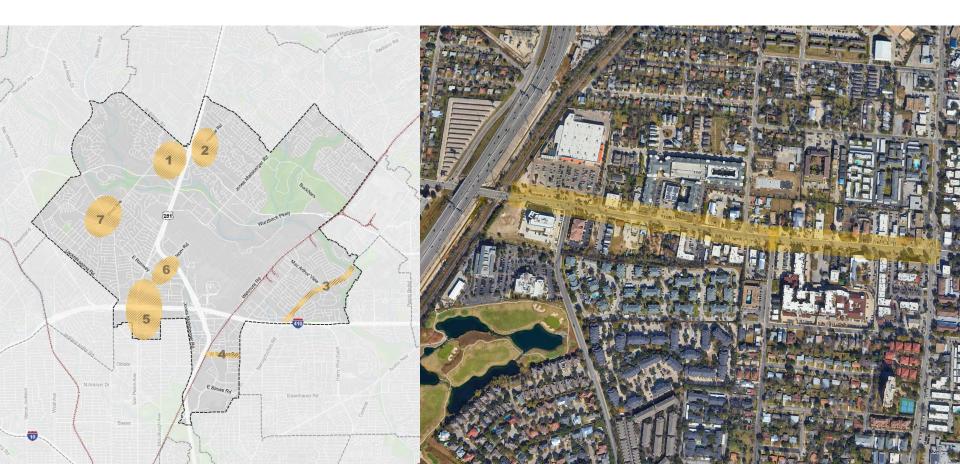
# **Draft Focus Area 2: Bitter at 281 (East)**



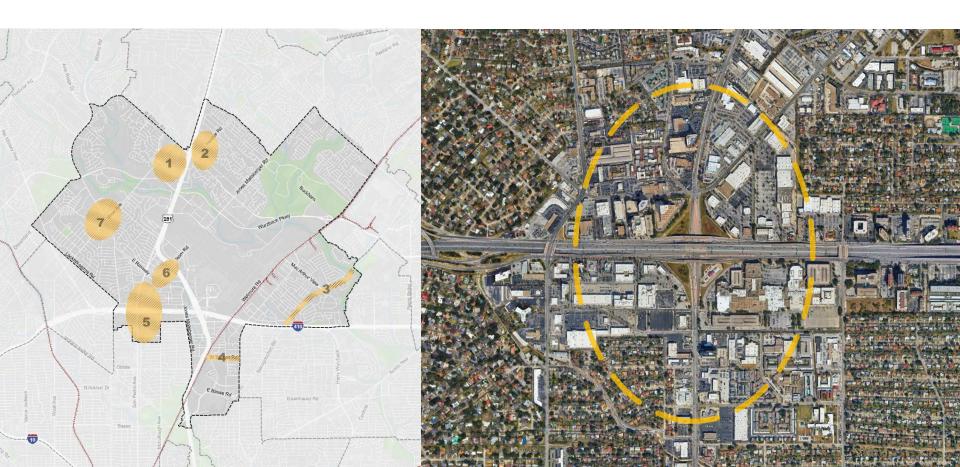
# **Draft Focus Area 3: Nacogdoches Road**



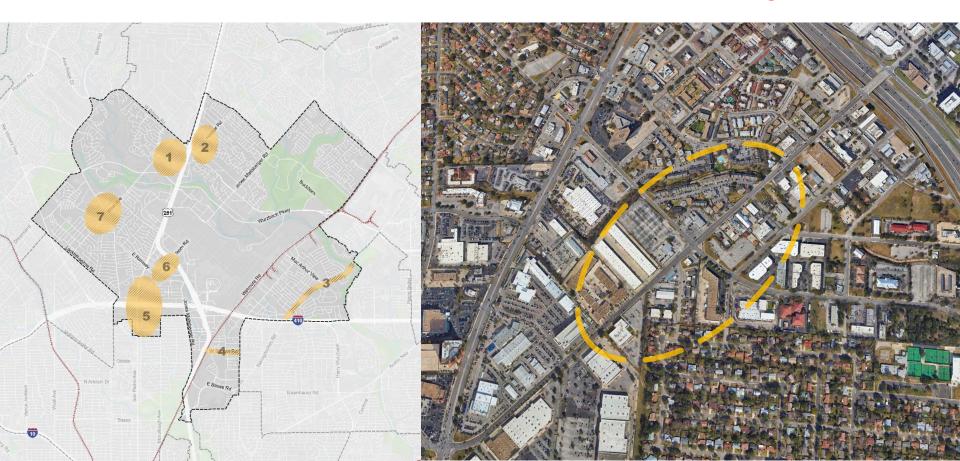
## **Draft Focus Area 4: Sunset Road**



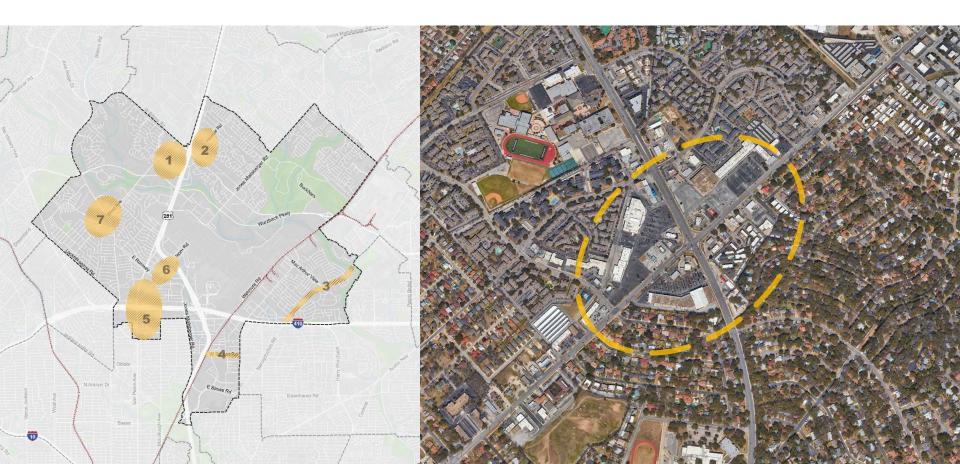
## **Draft Focus Area 5: San Pedro at 410**



# **Draft Focus Area 6: Isom at East Ramsey**



## **Draft Focus Area 7: West at Blanco**





# **Greater Airport – Share of Job Growth**

### **Forecast Growth**



**39,400** new jobs Over 1,300 jobs per year

### **Progress Metrics**



**New Development since 2010** 

300,000 sf new private retail
280,000 sf new private office
334,000 sf new private industrial

50% of jobs in Bexar
 County are in the 13
 identified Regional Center
 Areas

 Over 50% of recent commercial and industrial developed space has been within the Regional Center Areas

## **Greater Airport – Share of Housing Growth**

### **Forecast Growth**



### **Progress Metrics**



**Apartment Units since 2015** 

**433** Apartment units

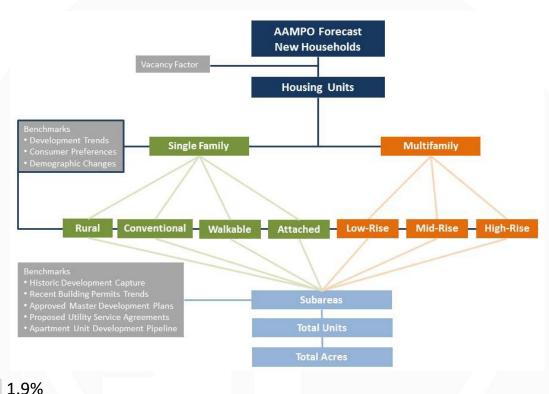
Annual Household Growth | 2010-2019

Greater Airport Area

0 4%

City of San Antonio 1.1%

San Antonio MSA





## What is Land Use?

"Land use" is a term used to describe the uses that exist or are envisioned on a property. It is generally broken down into categories, such as:

- Residential (houses and apartments)
- Commercial (stores, restaurants and offices)
- Industrial (manufacturing, quarries, distribution facilities)
- Parks and open spaces
- Government uses











# Why is Land Use Important?

 Land use regulations protect the health, safety and welfare of communities, allowing the City to manage traffic congestion, promote public safety and prevent the overcrowding of land.

- Existing land use: how land is currently being used (see the Existing Conditions Atlas)
- Future land use: how land can be used in the future

**Future Land Use** is the focus of the plan

# **Differences Between Land Use and Zoning**

	Land Use Plan (Categories)	Zoning Ordinance (Districts)
PURPOSE	<b>Policy:</b> A Land Use Plan establishes parameters for development and growth.	<b>Regulation</b> : defines the particular rights of use, and what development is allowed
SCALE	Focus is on <i>areas, patterns, and</i> relationships among properties in an area.  A set of broad policies and principles to guide the City's decision-making regarding growth and development patterns.	Focus is on rights of use for <i>individual properties</i> . Zoning consists of detailed, specific regulations and standards for how property owners may use and develop their land.

## Role of the Future Land Use Plan

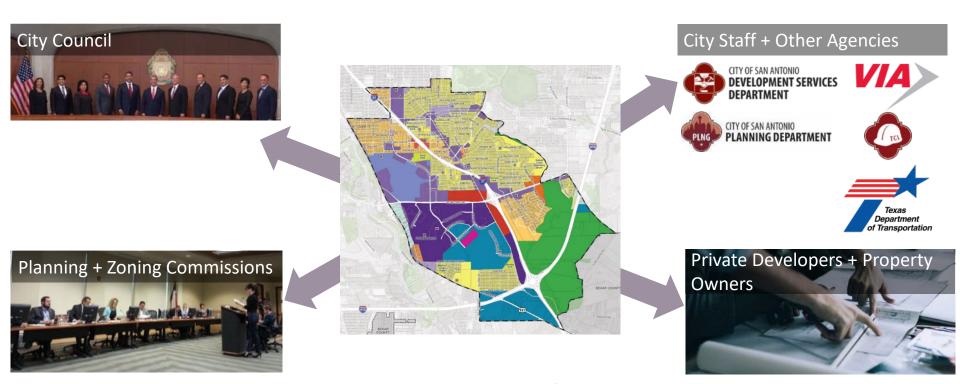
### The Future Land Use Plan **DOES**:

- Define how a property can be rezoned in the future
- Set guides for elected officials deciding rezoning cases
- Ensure that projected growth can be absorbed in an orderly way throughout the City
- Establish the preferred mixtures of uses and the distribution of density in the various areas of the City, based on public input and feedback.

### The Future Land Use Plan **DOES NOT**:

- Automatically change the zoning of any property
- Restrict existing rights of use
- Cause any buildings to be removed or changed

## Who will use the Land Use Plan?

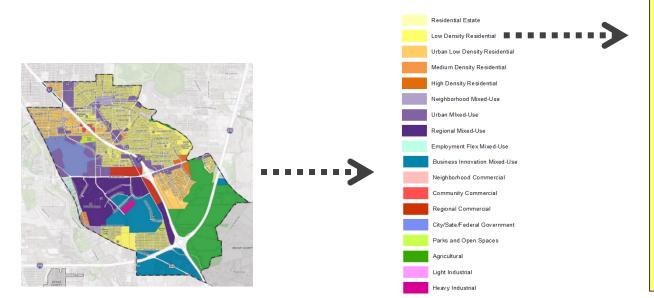


The Future Land Use Plan informs public and private decision-making and investments.

# Land Use Categories: What is their purpose?

San Antonio adopted new land use categories in 2018. The categories establish:

- The uses that should be found in an area.
- The general character and density of development for the area
- The **zoning districts** that are allowed



### **Low Density Residential**

Includes single-family detached houses on individual lots, including manufactured and modular homes. This form of development should not typically be located adjacent to major arterials. This land use category can include certain nonresidential uses such as schools, places of worship, and parks that are centrally located for convenient neighborhood access.

- Permitted zoning districts: R-4, R-5, R-6, NP-8, NP-10, and NP-15.
- Typical densities in this land use category would range from 3 to 12 dwelling units/acre.
- IDZ and PUD may be considered consistent with this land use category, provided the permitted uses included on the zoning site plan and zoning ordinance are consistent with the uses and densities outlined above.

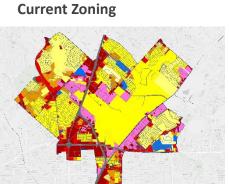
# **Developing the Future Land Use Plan**

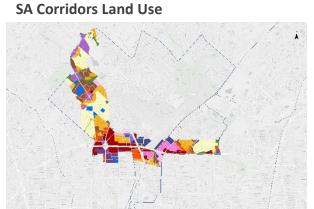




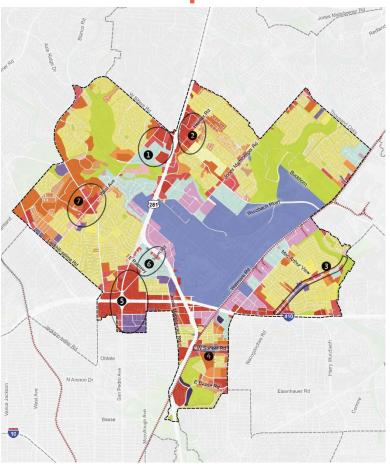
## **How the Draft Future Land Use Map Was Developed**





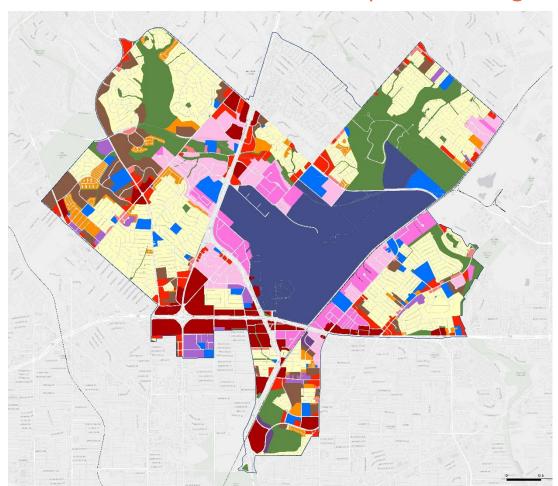






### Previously Adopted Land Use Plans In the Greater Airport Area Regional Center

### **General Land Use Categories** Residential Estate Low Density Residential Urban Low Density Residential Medium Density Residential High Density Residential Neighborhood Mixed-Use Urban Mixed-Use Regional Mixed-Use Employment Flex Mixed-Use Business Innovation Mixed-Use Neighborhood Commercial Community Commercial Regional Commercial City/Sate/Federal Government Parks and Open Spaces Agricultural Light Industrial Heavy Industrial



### **Existing Zoning** in the Greater Airport Area Regional Center

#### **General Land Use Categories**

Residential Estate

Low Density Residential

Urban Low Density Residential

Medium Density Residential

High Density Residential

Neighborhood Mixed-Use

Urban Mlxed-Use

Regional Mixed-Use

Employment Flex Mixed-Use

Business Innovation Mixed-Use

Neighborhood Commercial

Community Commercial

Regional Commercial

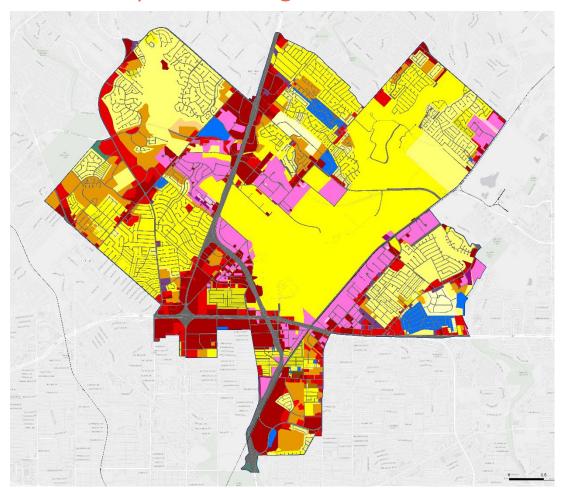
City/Sate/Federal Government

Parks and Open Spaces

Agricultural

Light Industrial

Heavy Industrial



### Adopted SA Corridor Land Use in the Greater Airport Area Regional Center

#### **General Land Use Categories**

Residential Estate

Low Density Residential

Urban Low Density Residential

Medium Density Residential

High Density Residential

Neighborhood Mixed-Use

Urban Mlxed-Use

Regional Mixed-Use

Employment Flex Mixed-Use

Business Innovation Mixed-Use

Neighborhood Commercial

Community Commercial

Regional Commercial

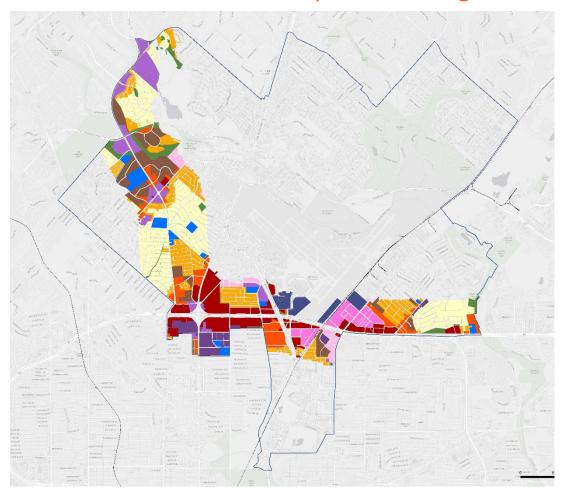
City/Sate/Federal Government

Parks and Open Spaces

Agricultural

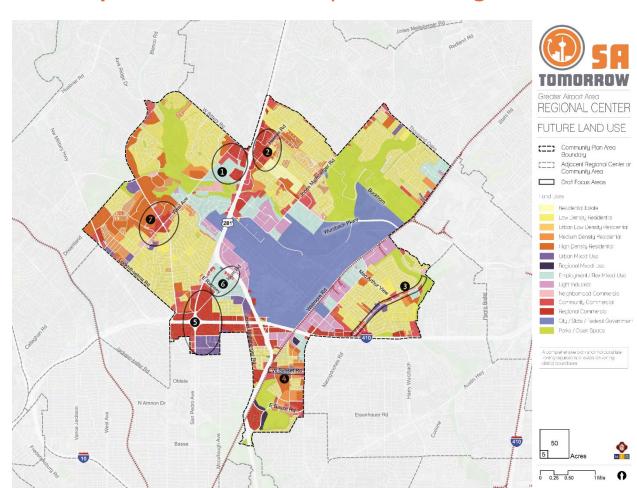
Light Industrial

Heavy Industrial



### **Draft Future Land Use Map** for the Greater Airport Area Regional Center

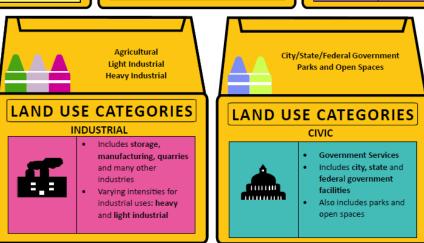
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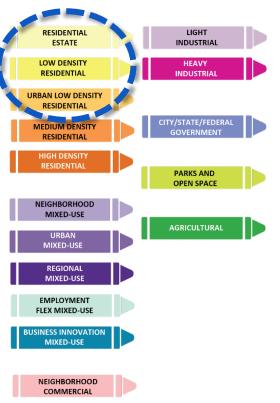




# San Antonio's Land Use Categories







COMMERCIAL

COMMERCIAL

## LAND USE RESIDENTIAL ESTATE

This category includes large lot single-family detached houses and should be located away from major arterials. Residential Estate can include certain nonresidential uses such as schools, places of worship, and parks that are centrally located for convenient neighborhood access.

#### Examples of Development Types:

- Large Lot Single-Family Detached Houses
- Conservation Subdivisions
- Individual Estate-Sized Lots



### LAND USE LOW DENSITY RESIDENTIAL

This category includes single-family detached houses on individual lots and should not typically be located adjacent to major arterials. This land use category can include certain nonresidential uses such as schools, places of worship, and parks that are centrally located for convenient neighborhood access.

#### Examples of Development Types:

- Single-Family Detached Houses
- Manufactured Houses
- Modular Houses





## URBAN LOW DENSITY RESIDENTIAL

This category includes a range of housing types and may also accommodate small scale retail and service uses that are intended to support the adjacent residential uses. Other nonresidential uses, including, but not limited to, schools, places of worship, and parks are appropriate within these areas and should be centrally located.

#### Examples of Development Types:

- Small lot residences
- Duplexes/Triplexes/ Fourplexes
- Manufactured Home Park
- Retail and Service Uses







## LAND USE MEDIUM DENSITY RESIDENTIAL

This category accommodates a range of housing types. Higher density multi-family uses, where practical, should be located in proximity to transit facilities. Certain nonresidential uses, such as schools, places of worship, and parks are appropriate within these areas and should be centrally located.

Examples of Development Types:

- Garden Style Apartments with more than Four Dwelling Units Per Building
- Duplexes/Triplexes/Fourplexes
- Manufactured and Modular Homes



## LAND USE HIGH DENSITY RESIDENTIAL

This category includes low-rise to mid-rise buildings with four (4) or more dwelling units in each. This form of development is typically located along or near major arterials or collectors should be located in close proximity to transit facilities. Certain nonresidential uses, including, but not limited to schools, places of worship, and parks are appropriate within these areas and should be centrally located.

Examples of Development Types:

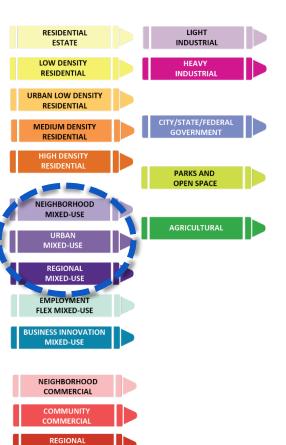
- High Density Apartments/ Condos
- Assisted Living Facilities
- Manufactured Home Park



NEIGHBORHOOD
COMMERCIAL

COMMUNITY
COMMERCIAL

REGIONAL
COMMERCIAL



COMMERCIAL



### LAND USE NEIGHBORHOOD MIXED-USE

This category contains a mix of residential, commercial, and institutional uses at a neighborhood scale. Within mixed-use buildings, residential units located above first floor are encouraged. The mix of uses may be vertically or horizontally distributed.

#### Examples of Development Types:

- Live/Work Housing
- Low Density Housing with Retail/Institutional Uses





one use.

## LAND USE URBAN MIXED-USE

This category contains a mix of residential, commercial, and institutional uses at a medium level of intensity. Building footprints may be block-scale, but could be smaller. The mix of uses may be vertically or horizontally distributed, and there is no requirement that a single building contain more than

Examples of Development Types:

- Live/Work Housing
- Medium Density Housing with Retail/Institutional Uses





## REGIONAL MIXED-USE

This category contains residential, commercial and institutional uses at high densities. Regional Mixed-Use developments are typically located within regional centers and in close proximity to transit facilities, where mid-rise to high-rise buildings would be appropriate. The mix of uses may be vertically or horizontally distributed and is ideally built at the block scale.

#### Examples of Development Types:

- The Pearl Complex
- La Cantera
- Private Universities/ Colleges





COMMERCIAL

## LAND USE EMPLOYMENT FLEX MIXED-USE

This category provides a flexible live/work environment with an urban mix of residential and light service industrial uses. Adaptive uses of vacant or underutilized structures are encouraged. Buildings have a smaller footprint.

#### Examples of Development Types:

- Small-Scale Office/ Retail
- Art-Oriented Fabrication
- Cottage Industrial Uses

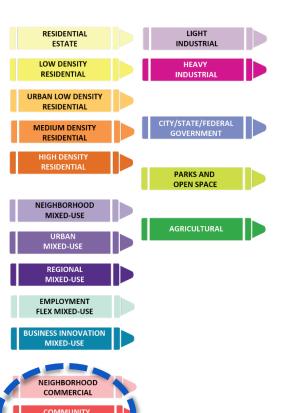


## LAND USE BUSINESS INNOVATION MIXED-USE

This category accommodates industrial uses with office, commercial, and residential uses, all within a cohesive setting, on a larger scale and within larger footprints. Additional environmental performance standards should be employed for properties and live/work housing options are permissible.

#### Examples of Development Types:

- High Tech Fabrication
- Research/Development Institutions
- Medical Campuses
- Technological Learning Centers



COMMERCIAL

**REGIONAL** COMMERCIAL



#### LAND USE NEIGHBORHOOD COMMERCIAL

This category includes smaller intensity commercial uses such as small-scale retail or offices, professional services, and convenience retail and services that are intended to support the adjacent residential uses. Neighborhood commercial uses should be located within walking distance of neighborhood residential areas.

#### **Examples of Development** Types:

- Small Scale Retail or Offices
- Convenience Retail and Services
- Professional Services





#### LAND USE COMMUNITY COMMERCIAL

This category includes offices, professional services, and retail uses that are accessible to bicyclists and pedestrians and linked to transit facilities. Community commercial uses are intended to support multiple neighborhoods, have a larger market draw than neighborhood commercial uses.

#### **Examples of Development** Types:

- Offices
- Restaurants
- Neighborhood Grocers
- Medical Clinics





#### LAND USE REGIONAL COMMERCIAL

This category includes high intensity uses that draw customers from both adjacent communities as well as the larger metropolitan region. Regional commercial uses are typically located in general proximity to nodes along expressways or major arterial roadways and incorporate high-capacity transit facilities.

#### Types:

- **Movie Theatres**
- **Shopping Centers**
- Hotels
- Home Improvement Center

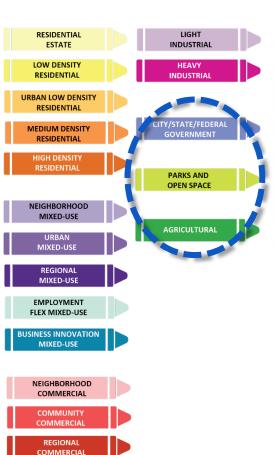






COMMERCIAL

COMMERCIAL



# LAND USE CITY/STATE/FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

This category includes areas owned and operated by a federal, state, or city agency. This category does not apply to properties owned by a public agency but leased to and operated by another party.

#### Examples of Development Types:

- Libraries
- Police Stations
- Military Bases
- State Colleges/ Universities



# LAND USE PARKS AND OPEN SPACE

In addition to city parks, this category may include, large, linear, or unimproved land where conservation is promoted and development is not encouraged due to the presence of topographic constraints or institutional uses on the site. Parks and Open Space may include public or private land uses that encourage outdoor passive or active recreation.

#### **Examples of Development Types:**

- Pocket, Regional, or Linear Parks
- The River Walk



# LAND USE AGRICULTURAL

This category includes crop agriculture, ranching, and related agribusiness practices. Single-family detached houses, detached accessory dwelling units, and limited commercial uses are permitted.

#### Examples of

**Development Types:** 

- Crop Agriculture
- Ranching
- Related Argibusiness Practices
- Landscape Nurseries





# **Next Steps**

#### Upcoming Meeting(s):

- Strategic Housing Implementation Plan (SHIP) Overview
- PT #4: Week of September 15<sup>th</sup>, 2 4 PM

#### • Questions?

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